

CLINICAL GUIDELINE

Adult IV to Oral Antibiotic Switch Therapy (IVOST)

A guideline is intended to assist healthcare professionals in the choice of disease-specific treatments.

Clinical judgement should be exercised on the applicability of any guideline, influenced by individual patient characteristics. Clinicians should be mindful of the potential for harmful polypharmacy and increased susceptibility to adverse drug reactions in patients with multiple morbidities or frailty.

If, after discussion with the patient or carer, there are good reasons for not following a guideline, it is good practice to record these and communicate them to others involved in the care of the patient.

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Does this version include changes to clinical advice:	Yes	
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Lead Author:	Ysobel Gourlay	
Approval Group:	Antimicrobial Utilisation Committee	

Important Note:

The Intranet version of this document is the only version that is maintained.

Any printed copies should therefore be viewed as 'Uncontrolled' and as such, may not necessarily contain the latest updates and amendments.

Review need for IV antibiotics DAILY

Can antibiotic therapy be stopped (e.g. alternative diagnosis)?

If ongoing antibiotics required - document patient progress/IVOST plan within 72 hours

Switch to Oral when: ✓ CLINICAL IMPROVEMENT in signs of infection e.g. temperature ≤ 37.9°C, reduction in the NEWS score, improving SEPSIS ✓ ORAL ROUTE is available reliably (eating/drinking and no concerns regarding absorption) ✓ UNCOMPLICATED INFECTION i.e. specialist advice not required prior to IVOST: Infection requiring specialist advice include CNS infection, Cystic Fibrosis, *S. aureus* bacteraemia (minimum 14 days IV), Endocarditis, Vascular graft or Bone/Joint infection, Undrainable deep abscess DO NOT use CRP in isolation to assess IVOST suitability as does not reflect severity of illness Record the stop date on HEPMA

If IVOST criteria met → SWITCH TO ORAL Review MICROBIOLOGY results and NARROW THE SPECTRUM based on cultures IF NO positive MICROBIOLOGY switch to oral as outlined below

DIAGNOSIS	EMPIRIC ORAL SWITCH		TOTAL duration	
	1 st LINE	2 nd LINE/PENICILLIN ALLERGY	(IV + PO)	
Neutropenic sepsis	Co-amoxiclav 625mg 8 hrly & Discuss with micro/ID	Levofloxacin 500mg 12 hrly & Discuss with micro/ID	7 days	
Resolving sepsis and source unknown	Co-amoxiclav 625mg 8 hrly	Co-trimoxazole 960mg 12 hrly	5-7 days	
Community-acquired pneumonia OR Infective exacerbation of COPD	Amoxicillin 500mg 8 hrly	Doxycycline 200mg as a one-off single dose then 100mg daily	5 days	
Hospital-acquired pneumonia	Co-amoxiclav 625mg 8 hrly	Co-trimoxazole 960mg 12 hrly OR Doxycycline 100mg 12 hrly OR Levofloxacin 500mg 12 hrly	5 days	
Aspiration pneumonia	Amoxicillin 500mg 8 hrly	Clarithromycin 500mg 12 hrly PLUS Metronidazole 400mg 8 hrly	5 days	
Cellulitis	Flucloxacillin 1000mg 6 hrly	Co-trimoxazole 960mg 12 hrly OR Doxycycline 100mg 12 hrly	7-10 days	
Infected human/ Animal bite	Co-amoxiclav 625mg 8 hrly	Doxycycline 100mg 12 hrly PLUS Metronidazole 400mg 8 hourly	7 days	
Intra-abdominal/ Biliary tract infection	Co-amoxiclav 625mg 8 hrly	Co-trimoxazole 960mg 12hrly (or Ciprofloxacin 500mg 12 hrly) PLUS Metronidazole* 400mg 8 hrly	5 days (assuming source control) *Metronidazole is NOT required for biliary tract infection, unless severe	
Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis	if prior co-trimoxazole prophylaxis: Co-amoxiclav 625mg 8 hrly	If NO prior co-trimoxazole prophylaxis: Co-trimoxazole 960mg 12 hrly Or if prior co-trimoxazole prophylaxis: Levofloxacin 500mg 12 hrly	7 days	
Urinary Sepsis/ Pyelonephritis	Co-trimoxazole 960mg 12 hrly	Ciprofloxacin 500mg 12 hrly	7 days	
Tonsillitis	Phenoxymethylpenicillin 500mg 6 hrly	Clarithromycin 500mg 12 hrly	Phenoxymethylpenicillin- 10 days Clarithromcyin- 5 days	
Consult the product literature or pharmacy for doses in renal/hepatic dysfunction. Serious drug interactions/QT prolongation with clarithromycin & quinolones. Reduced absorption of doxycycline & quinolones with calcium, iron & magnesium. See the BNF or consult pharmacy.				

Consider OPAT

If ongoing IV therapy anticipated but patient is otherwise fit for discharge- refer to OPAT via TrakCare If unsure, contact the OPAT Service at QEUH on 0141 452 3107 (internal: 83107) Weekend: 0141 452 3105

