PATIENT ID LABEL	

FALLS RISK ASSESSMENT



To Be Completed For All Patients Within 24 Hrs Of Admission And On Transfer To Another Ward

GENERAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	Ward:	Ward:	Ward:	Ward:	Ward:
TO BE UNDERTAKEN FOR ALL PATIENTS	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
Action the following safety precautions on admission to your ward. Update weekly or on change of condition.	Time::	Time:	Time:	Time::	Time::
Document mobility status in clinical record and complete a moving and					
handling assessment (if appropriate).					
2. Check walking aid (if required) is in reach and in use.					
3. Check call bell is in reach and working. Provide and document					
alternative measures if patient is unable to use call bell.					
4. Check footwear is safe (refer to NHSGGC Footwear guidance).					
5. If glasses are worn, check they are available and in use.					
6. If hearing aid/s are worn, check they are working and in use.					

RISK ASSESSMENT

If <u>Yes</u> to any of the 5 questions below complete the falls checklist (overleaf).

No, <u>update</u> this assessment weekly in acute wards or, at the time of a fall or, upon a change in patient's clinical condition. older people's wards must have a falls checklist in place (overleaf)**

Whether Yes or **ALL patients in

	Tick Yes or No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
1.	Has the patient fallen in the last 6 months – including during this										
	admission?										
2.	Does the patient have cognitive impairment or a possible delirium?										
3.	Does the patient attempt to walk alone although unsteady or unsafe?										
4.	Does the patient or their relative have a fear or anxiety of the patient										
	falling?										
5.	Based on your clinical judgement, is this patient at high risk of falling?										
Sig	nature of nurse completing assessment / update		ı						ı		

Highlight risk of fall at the ward safety brief.

PATIENT ID LABEL		

FALLS INTERVENTION CHECKLIST



EVIDENCE ALL INTERVENTIONS IN NURSING CARE PLAN

		Ward:	Ward:	Ward:	Ward:	Ward:
Complete for all patients identified at risk of falling and		Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:
all patients in older people's care wards		Time::	Time:	Time::	Time::	Time:
BED AND SEATING						
Check the patient's bed and chair are at the right height for the patient.	Consider referral					
to OT/ Physiotherapy for transfer, mobility or specialist seating advice.	(Patient care plan 8)					
Assess if a low bed is required	(Patient care plan 9)					
SAFETY						
Complete / update bedrails risk assessment if bedrail in use.	(Patient Care plan 9)					
Review the frequency of care rounding prescribing in relation to the falls	risk					
consider the use of a patient monitoring chart.	(Patient care plan 9)					
If the patient is cognitively impaired or has poor mobility and known not						
assistance, provide close observation whilst using commode, toilet, bath	or shower.					
HEALTH		T	T	1	1	T
Complete /Document 4AT						
- follow THINK DELIRIUM guidelines.	(Patient care plan 4)					
Document continence problems and link to care rounding	(Patient care plan 6)					
Record lying and standing blood pressure. If results show deficit, follow	protocol for					
ongoing monitoring and inform medical staff of any concerns.	(Patient care plan 1)					
If medication is suspected of contributing to the patient's falls risk						
– highlight to medical staff.						
COMMUNICATION						
Give the patient / relatives / carers an inpatient falls prevention leaflet. D	•					
<u> </u>	e plan -negotiated care)					
Update the ward team of the patient's mobility status.	(Patient care plan 8)					
Discuss the patient's fall risk at safety briefs and MDT meetings.	(if appropriate)					
Consider a referral to the Hospital Falls Service for advice using trackca	re. (if appropriate)					
Signature of nurse completing falls checklist / or update						

^{***}If a fall has occurred, refer to the Post Fall Poster and report in Datix. Share post fall lessons learned with the team***